Earthquake Faults and Essential Service Facilities

City of Huntington Beach

City of Huntington Beach - Earthquake Faults

All faults shown are part of the Newport-Inglewood fault zone. This fault has been the source of numerous earthquakes, including one of the most destructive in Southern California -- the Long Beach Earthquake of March 10, 1933. The 1933 earthquake was a 6.3 magnitude resulting in 120 fatalities and more than 50 million dollars in property damage. New research indicates that the epicenter was in the Huntington Harbour area. This fault is regarded as one of the more active regions in California.
Source for Earthquake Fault Data: City of Huntington Beach EOC

Elevation Ranges

- Above 100
- 75 to 100
- 50 to 75
- 25 to 50
- 15 to 25
- 10 to 15
- 5 to 10
- 0 to 5
- Below 0

- Police Stations
- Fire Stations
- Primary City Facilities
- Major Street Centerlines
- Isobaths

Various Depth Soundings

Address Block Ranges

- Fault Traces
- 200 Ft. Fault Trace Buffer Zone

City Yard
Park & Landscape Yard
Utilities Operations Yard
City Hall
Main Police Station
Lifeguard HQ
Beach Operations Yard

Bolsa-Fairview Fault
South Branch Fault
North Branch Fault
Olive Street Fault
Walnut Street Fault
Yorktown Avenue Fault
Adams Avenue Fault
Indianapolis Avenue Fault

N
W Surf City HB Huntington Beach E
S

0.5 0 0.5 Miles
2000 0 2000 4000 Feet

CAUTION
WHEN USING THIS MAP

Information shown hereon is a compilation of data from sources of varying accuracy and is provided as a convenience to the user. The City of Huntington Beach does not guarantee its completeness or accuracy.

It is the user's responsibility to verify all information to their own satisfaction.

Information Services Department

HB GIS
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